Standards for Mathematical Practice – Characteristics of a Mathematician – Fifth Grade	
Standards	Explanations and Examples
5.MP.1. Make sense of	Students solve problems by applying their understanding of operations with whole numbers, decimals, and fractions including
problems and persevere in	mixed numbers. They solve problems related to volume and measurement conversions. Students seek the meaning of a
solving them.	problem and look for efficient ways to represent and solve it. They may check their thinking by asking themselves, "What is
5 MD 2 Decree all of the office	the most efficient way to solve the problem?", "Does this make sense?", and "Can I solve the problem in a different way?".
5.MP.2. Reason abstractly	Fifth graders should recognize that a number represents a specific quantity. They connect quantities to written symbols and create a logical representation of the problem at hand, considering both the appropriate units involved and the meaning of
and quantitatively.	quantities. They extend this understanding from whole numbers to their work with fractions and decimals. Students write
	simple expressions that record calculations with numbers and represent or round numbers using place value concepts.
5.MP.3. Construct viable	In fifth grade, students may construct arguments using concrete referents, such as objects, pictures, and drawings. They explain
arguments and critique the	calculations based upon models and properties of operations and rules that generate patterns. They demonstrate and explain the
reasoning of others.	relationship between volume and multiplication. They refine their mathematical communication skills as they participate in
leasoning of others.	mathematical discussions involving questions like "How did you get that?" and "Why is that true?" They explain their thinking
	to others and respond to others' thinking.
5.MP.4. Model with	Students experiment with representing problem situations in multiple ways including numbers, words (mathematical
mathematics.	language), drawing pictures, using objects, making a chart, list, or graph, creating equations, etc. Students need opportunities
	to connect the different representations and explain the connections. They should be able to use all of these representations as
	needed. Fifth graders should evaluate their results in the context of the situation and whether the results make sense. They also
5 MD 5 Harrison and A	evaluate the utility of models to determine which models are most useful and efficient to solve problems.
5.MP.5. Use appropriate	Fifth graders consider the available tools (including estimation) when solving a mathematical problem and decide when certain tools might be helpful. For instance, they may use unit cubes to fill a rectangular prism and then use a ruler to measure the
tools strategically.	dimensions. They use graph paper to accurately create graphs and solve problems or make predictions from real world data.
5.MP.6. Attend to precision.	Students continue to refine their mathematical communication skills by using clear and precise language in their discussions
3.1vii .o. rittena to precision.	with others and in their own reasoning. Students use appropriate terminology when referring to expressions, fractions,
	geometric figures, and coordinate grids. They are careful about specifying units of measure and state the meaning of the
	symbols they choose. For instance, when figuring out the volume of a rectangular prism they record their answers in cubic
	units.
5.MP.7. Look for and make	In fifth grade, students look closely to discover a pattern or structure. For instance, students use properties of operations as
use of structure.	strategies to add, subtract, multiply and divide with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals. They examine numerical patterns
	and relate them to a rule or a graphical representation.
5.MP.8. Look for and	Fifth graders use repeated reasoning to understand algorithms and make generalizations about patterns. Students connect place
express regularity in	value and their prior work with operations to understand algorithms to fluently multiply multi-digit numbers and perform all
repeated reasoning.	operations with decimals to hundredths. Students explore operations with fractions with visual models and begin to formulate
	generalizations.