



Portland Public Schools Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act: A Guide for Parents and Teachers

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibits discrimination against students and/or employees with disabilities. This guide provides information on Section 504 as well as the obligations of Portland Public Schools. Produced by: Portland Public Schools Student Services *Revised:* 2012

Portland Public Schools recognizes the diversity and worth of all individuals and groups and their roles in society. All individuals and groups shall be treated with fairness in all activities, programs and operations, without regard to age, color, creed, disability, marital status, national origin, race, religion, sex, or sexual orientation.

> Portland Public Schools Board of Education Policy 1.80.020-P

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What is Section 504?	"Section 504" is Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, a federal civil rights statute protecting persons with disabilities from discrimination. Section 504 applies to all agencies that receive federal funds, including public schools.
How is "disability" defined under Section 504?	Section 504 defines disability as a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits a major life activity.
504?	A <i>physical impairment</i> is a medical condition or disorder of bodily functions.
	A <i>mental impairment</i> is a cognitive, learning or psychological disorder.
	A <i>major life activity</i> includes seeing, hearing, speaking, walking, bending, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, working, caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, and other similar types of activities.
	Major life activities also include bodily functions such as breathing, sleeping, neurological functioning, bowel/bladder functioning, and other bodily functions.
	A <i>substantial limitation</i> means that the student is significantly restricted as to the condition, manner or duration under which a student can perform a particular major life activity as compared to the average student population.
What does Section 504 do for students with disabilities?	Students with disabilities are <i>protected from discrimination</i> on the basis of disability if they have a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits a basic life activity, or have a history of such an impairment or are treated as if they have such an impairment.
	Under Section 504, students with a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits a basic life activity are entitled to a <i>free appropriate public education</i> , including regular education and other accommodations or supports that are designed to meet the individual educational needs of a student with a disability as adequately as the needs of nondisabled students are met.
Who should be referred	Parents and teachers should refer any student who is
for Section 504	suspected of having a physical or mental impairment and
consideration?	who is believed to need accommodations or supports to
How is a referral made?	receive a free appropriate public education. A parent or teacher may begin the referral process by talking
	to the school's principal or assistant principal, a school

	counselor, or the school's 504 coordinator. Referrals will
	typically go to the Student Intervention Team (SIT).
	Sometimes referrals will go directly to a 504 team or a special
	education team.
Who makes decisions	This decision is made by a team that includes someone who
about whether a	is knowledgeable about the student, about the evaluation
student has a disability	data, and about placement or support options. Typically,
under Section 504?	parents are invited to participate as part of this team.
What information does	The team considers information from the parents and
the team consider?	teachers along with any information from the student's
	outside health or medical providers. If further testing is
	needed, the district will ask parents for their written consent
	for testing. Sometimes a school nurse will be involved in
	assessing the impact of a student's disability at school and
	reviewing information from health or medical providers.
	For students who transfer in from another district, the team
	will consider information from the previous school or school
	district.
	Parents may be asked to provide a copy of previously
	conducted medical assessments. Parents may be asked to
	give written consent for the school to request medical,
	health, psychological, or other records. Parents may also be
	asked to get a medical statement or health assessment
What decisions does	statement from the student's health care provider. The team must decide whether the student has a disability
the team make?	under Section 504. If so, the team must then decide if the
	student needs a Section 504 Student Accommodation Plan to
	access his or her education.
	The team's decisions are documented and parents are given
	a copy, along with a Statement of Parent and Student Rights
	under Section 504.
What is a Section 504	The Section 504 Student Accommodation Plan documents
Student	the specific accommodations or supports the student needs
Accommodation Plan?	to ensure that the individual needs of the student with a
	disability are met as adequately as the needs of non-disabled
	students. The comparison is to an average student in the
	general population. The Section 504 plan is designed to
	provide appropriate supports, not necessarily all of the
	supports that would "maximize the student's potential" or
	"the best supports".
	The team makes an individual determination of the student's
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	educational needs and supports required. Like special
	education services, 504 plans must be implemented in <i>the</i>
	least restrictive environment.
Will every student with	Most will, but not necessarily all. When considering whether
a disability under	a student has a disability under Section 504, the team cannot
Section 504 have a	consider any factors such as medication, assistive devices
Section 504 Student	such as hearing aides, or other individual supports or aids for
Accommodation Plan?	the student (other than ordinary eyeglasses or contact
	lenses). (These are called "mitigating factors".)
	In some cases, the student may not need a Section 504 Plan
	if the individual supports or aids (mitigating factors above)
	adequately allow access to the educational setting.
What are	Accommodations are adjustments that are designed to
"accommodations"?	lessen the impact of the student's disability to provide access
	to the school program. There is no "list" of approved
	accommodations. Accommodations should be determined
	individually for each student.
Must the team accept	While a doctor may be qualified to provide a medical
the doctor or health	diagnosis, it is important to remember that a doctor or
care provider's	medical provider's recommendations are suggestions. The
recommendations for	school team must consider multiple sources of information
accommodations?	to determine whether the student has a disability and to
	decide what accommodations and services, if any, are
	needed.
Is a Section 504 Student	No. An IEP (Individualized Education Program) is written for
Accommodation Plan	students who have disabilities under the Individuals with
the same as an IEP?	Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). These students must need
	special education services to be eligible for an IEP.
	A Section 504 Student Accommodation Plan is similar to an
	IEP but not as detailed. Students with disabilities under 504
	who do not need special education services may have a 504
	plan if they need accommodations or other supports in the
	school setting to access their education.
What happens if the	The team should try to reach consensus. If consensus is not
team does not agree	possible, then the district members of the team (typically an
about whether the	administrator) will decide the matter. If the parent does not
student has a disability	agree, the parent may pursue resolution options.
or about what needs to	
be on the plan?	
What are the resolution	The parent may ask for an informal meeting with a school
options under Section	principal or assistant principal to review the matter and share
504?	concerns.
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	The parent or district staff may contact the PPS 504 Program
	Coordinator for consultation or facilitation. The parent or district staff may contact the PPS Integrated Student Services Parent Liaison for consultation or support.
	The parent may use the PPS Complaint Procedures or file a complaint with the federal Office for Civil Rights.
	Parents also have the right to request a hearing from the
	Oregon Department of Education if they disagree with the
	identification, evaluation, placement or provision of
	appropriate services to the student.
When should the	The plan should be reviewed at least annually.
student's Section 504	If the district is considering a significant change in placement,
Accommodation Plan be reviewed?	then a reevaluation and review should be conducted before
be l'evieweu:	that change.
What is a "significant	A significant change in placement is a placement that
change in placement"?	changes the nature, type or duration of the educational
	program for the student. A minor change in program such as
	a new teacher or moving to another classroom at the same
	level, or moving to another building in the same type of program would not be considered a significant change.
	program would not be considered a significant change.
	Significant changes in placement occur because the student's
	needs change or because the student has engaged in conduct that results in a disciplinary removal from school.
Are all suspensions and	No. A suspension or expulsion of more than 10 school days
expulsions from school	in a row would be considered a significant change in
considered a significant	placement.
change in placement?	
	Shorter suspensions that add up to more than ten school
	days may also be considered a significant change in placement if there is a "pattern" to the removals. "Pattern"
	is determined by looking at the length of each removals, how
	close the removals are to each other, and the total amount of
	time removed.
How is a "504 only"	Before the school implements a suspension or expulsion that
student protected from	would be a change in placement, the school must hold a
being suspended or	team meeting to do a <i>manifestation review</i> . The team
expelled for conduct	considers:
that is related to the	• whether the student's conduct <i>was caused by or had a</i>
student's disability?	direct and substantial relationship to the student's
	 disability; and whether the student's conduct was a direct result of the

	school not implementing the student's Section 504 Student Accommodation Plan.
	If the team concludes that either of these are true, then the school may not impose the suspension or expulsion. (However, the student may be disciplined for drug or alcohol related offenses to the same extent as students without disabilities.)
	If the team concludes that the conduct was not caused by or directly related to the student's disability and not caused by lack of implementation of the 504 plan, the student may be disciplined in the same manner as students without disabilities.
Who should I contact for more information about Section 504?	Each PPS school has a 504 coordinator. You may also contact the PPS 504 Program Coordinator.